

System Modelling and Simulation with SCILAB

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DEIMOS

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Agenda



- Introduction
- Scilab
- Xcos
- Custom Toolbox
- Demo

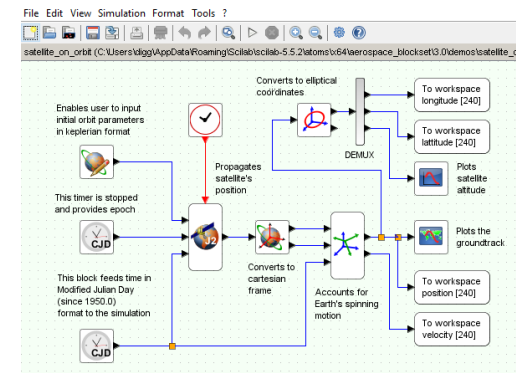
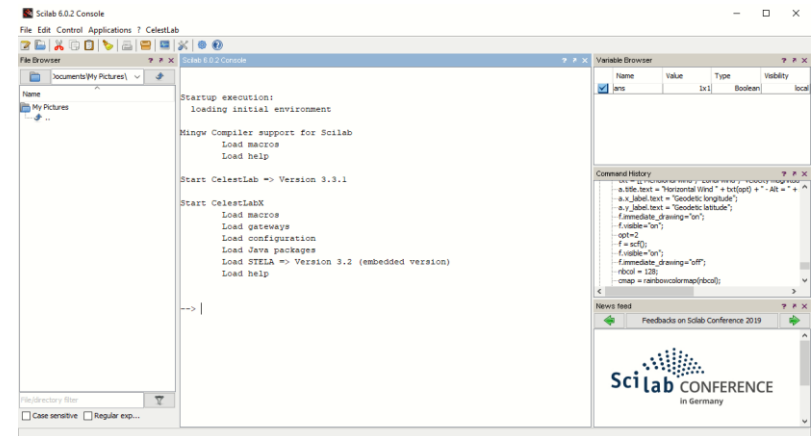


Introduction



- Numerical computation tool
- Graphical design (Xcos)
- Extendable
 - Toolbox
 - Integration with external tools
 - Programming
- Open source (GPL)

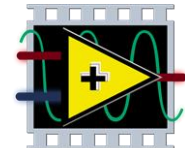
Available at <http://www.scilab.org>



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 737183.

Introduction: Integration with other tools and hardware

- Extend Scilab with other languages:
 - Java, Python, Tcl Tk, Fortran or C, C++
- Use Scilab from different languages:
 - Java, Python or C, C++
- Integration with other programs:
 - Excel
 - Labview
 - OpenFoam
 - Etc.



LabVIEW

Open  FOAM

More information in <https://wiki.scilab.org/Interoperability>



Scilab 6.0.2 Console

File Edit Control Applications ? CelestLab

File Browser | Scilab 6.0.2 Console | Variable Browser

Documents\My Pictures\

Name

My Pictures

..

```

Startup execution:
  loading initial environment

Mingw Compiler support for Scilab
  Load macros
  Load help

Start CelestLab => Version 3.3.1

Start CelestLabX
  Load macros
  Load gateways
  Load configuration
  Load Java packages
  Load STELA => Version 3.2 (embedded version)
  Load help

--> |
    
```

Name	Value	Type	Visibility
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ans		1x1 Boolean	local


Command History

```

txt = [Dimensional wind ; Zonal wind ; Velocity magnitude];
a.title.text = "Horizontal Wind " + txt(opt) + " - Alt = " + ...
a.x_label.text = "Geodetic longitude";
a.y_label.text = "Geodetic latitude";
f.immediate_drawing="on";
f.visible="on";
opt=2
f = scf();
f.visible="on";
f.immediate_drawing="off";
nbc = 128;
cmap = rainbowcolormap(nbc);
    
```

News feed

Feedbacks on Scilab Conference 2019




Scilab: basic information

- Basic data element: **Matrix**
 - everything is a matrix. All real, complex, Boolean, integer, string, and polynomial variables are matrices.
- Variables names case sensitive and only 24 first characters are considered
- Protected variables: %i, %pi, etc.
- High-level interpreted language with variables, flow, functions, primitives.
- High-level functions for 2-D and 3-D data visualization



Scilab: Useful commands



- **Help command**

--> help

--> help <name_of_command>

--> apropos(keyword)

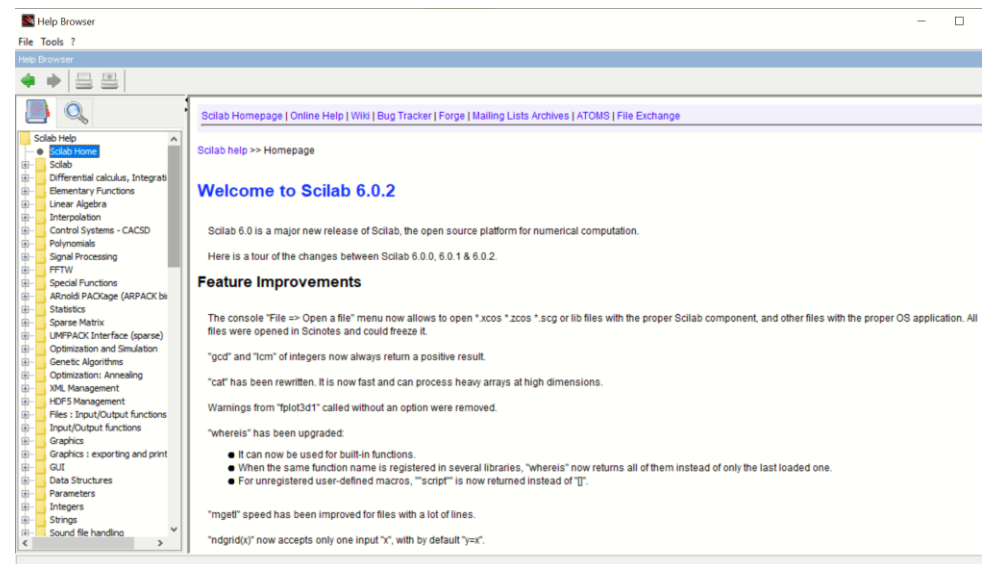
- **Workspace commands:**

--> clc: clear screen

--> what: show all the primitives

--> who/whos: show all the variables (with -name show variables starting with <>)

--> clear: delete all non protected variables



Scilab: Create functions

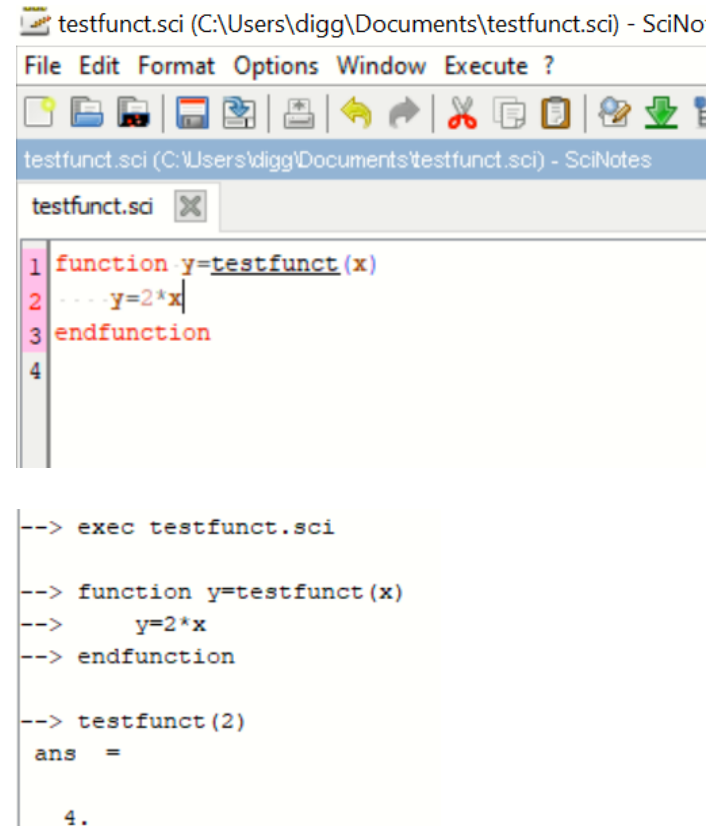
- Format:

function <lhs_arguments>=<function_name><rhs_arguments>

...

Endfunction

- Create the function with the editor
 - Save as *.sci file with the name of the function
- Load the function in the command line
 - exec filename.sci
- Genlib to build library from functions (sci files) in given directory



```

testfunct.sci (C:\Users\digg\Documents\testfunct.sci) - SciNo
File Edit Format Options Window Execute ?
testfunct.sci (C:\Users\digg\Documents\testfunct.sci) - SciNotes
testfunct.sci
1 function y=testfunct(x)
2 ... y=2*x
3 endfunction
4

--> exec testfunct.sci

--> function y=testfunct(x)
-->     y=2*x
--> endfunction

--> testfunct(2)
ans =

    4.
    
```



Scripting



- For long code scripts can be used:
 - Files with extension *.sce
 - Load: exec ('filename.sce')
 - Can include definition of functions
- Edit with the editor (applications/SciNotes):
 - // for comments
 - F5 to evaluate the script

A screenshot of the SciNotes application window. The title bar reads "testscript.sce (C:\Users\digg\Documents\testscript.sce) - SciNotes". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Format", "Options", "Window", "Execute", and "?". The toolbar contains icons for file operations and execution. The main text area shows the following code:

```
testscript.sce
1 x=1;
2 y=2;
3 x+y
4 |
```

```
--> exec('C:\Users\digg\Documents\testscript.sce')
--> x=1;
--> y=2;
--> x+y
ans =
    3.
```



Load/save data

Variables (environment) *sod

- Save and load commands
- Menu File/Save environment or Load environment

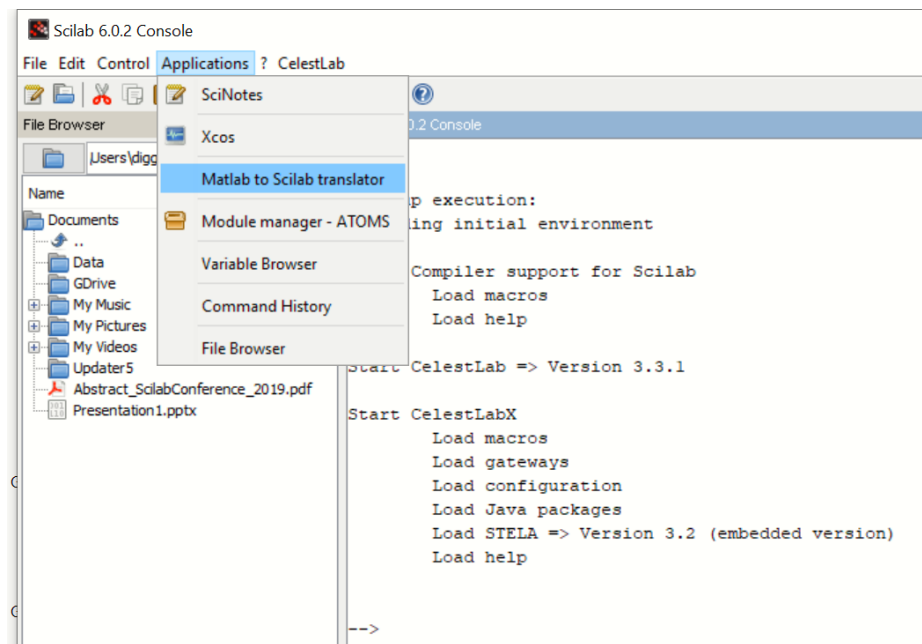
Graphics *.scg

- Any graphic figure can be saved:
 - save() through its identifier as a variable
 - xsave()
 - With figure's menu *File /Save*
- Load file *.scg: load(..) or xload()
- Several figures may be saved in the same file. Each restored figure gets a new incremented #id, so usually not the original one.

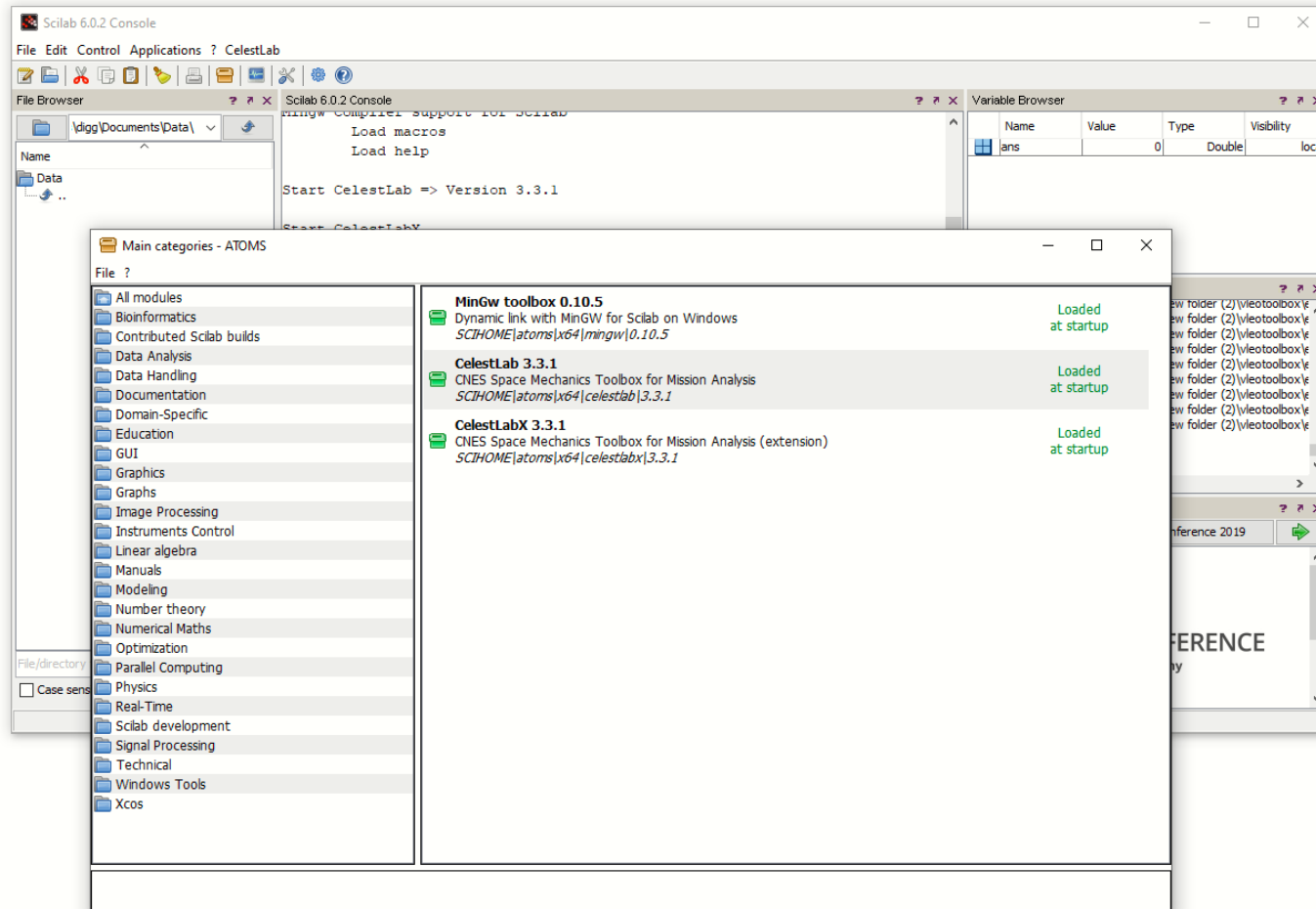


Scilab: Matlab

- 'Comparisons are odious'
- <https://wiki.scilab.org/MatlabToScilab>
- Conversor available



Scilab: ATOMS



The screenshot displays the Scilab 6.0.2 interface. The main console window shows the following text:

```
mingw compiler support for Scilab
Load macros
Load help

Start CelestLab => Version 3.3.1
Start CelestLabX
```

The Variable Browser window shows a table with the following data:

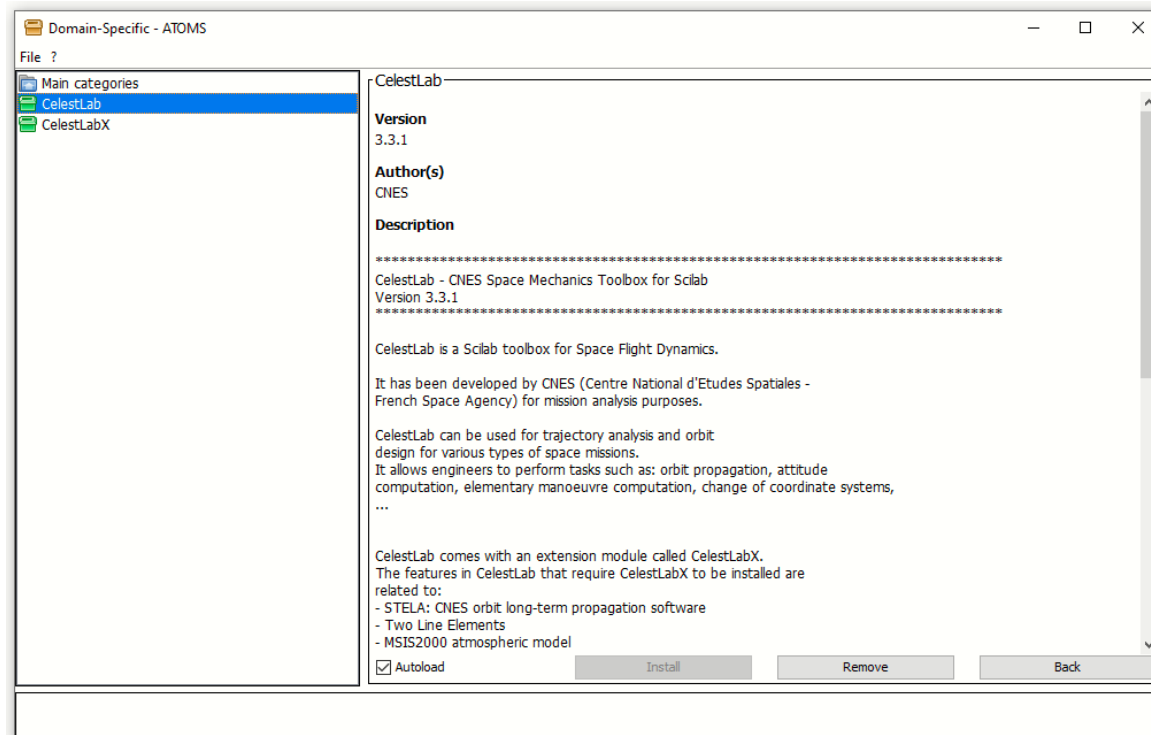
Name	Value	Type	Visibility
ans	0	Double	local

The 'Main categories - ATOMS' dialog box is open, showing a list of categories on the left and details of installed toolboxes on the right:

- MinGw toolbox 0.10.5**: Dynamic link with MinGW for Scilab on Windows. *SCIHOME\atoms\x64\mingw\0.10.5*. Status: Loaded at startup.
- CelestLab 3.3.1**: CNES Space Mechanics Toolbox for Mission Analysis. *SCIHOME\atoms\x64\celestab\3.3.1*. Status: Loaded at startup.
- CelestLabX 3.3.1**: CNES Space Mechanics Toolbox for Mission Analysis (extension). *SCIHOME\atoms\x64\celestabx\3.3.1*. Status: Loaded at startup.



- Atoms/Domain-specific/Celestlab



The screenshot displays the Scilab 6.0.2 environment. The main window is the Scilab 6.0.2 Console, showing the execution of the CelestLab script. The console output includes:

```

Start CelestLab => Version 3.3.1

Start CelestLabX
  Load macros
  Load gateways
  Load configuration
  Load Java packages
  
```

Overlaid on the console is the Xcos interface. The 'Palette browser - Xcos' window is open, showing various blocks categorized under 'Palettes View'. The 'Kalman' demo file is open in the main workspace, showing a block diagram of a Kalman filter. The diagram includes a 'Random generator' block, a 'DEMUX' block, a 'System' block, and a 'Kalman Filter' block. The signal flow is as follows: a random signal is generated and split by the DEMUX block. One path goes through a summing junction (+) to the System block. The other path goes through another summing junction (+) to the Kalman Filter block. The System block outputs 'y', which is also fed into the Kalman Filter block. The Kalman Filter block outputs 'estimated "x"', which is fed back into the second summing junction (+) to be subtracted from the input signal. The output of this second summing junction is the 'error' signal.

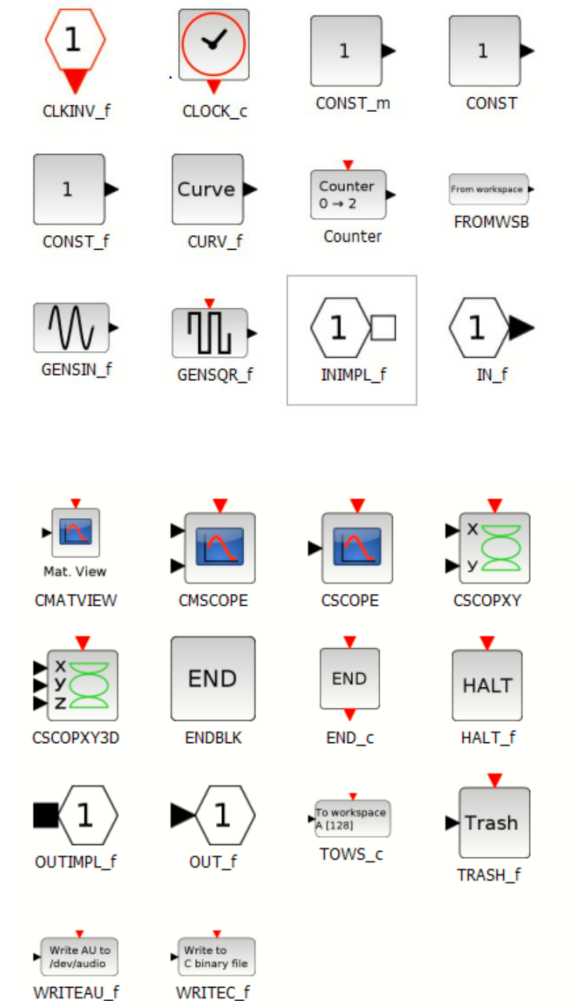


Xcos: Palette



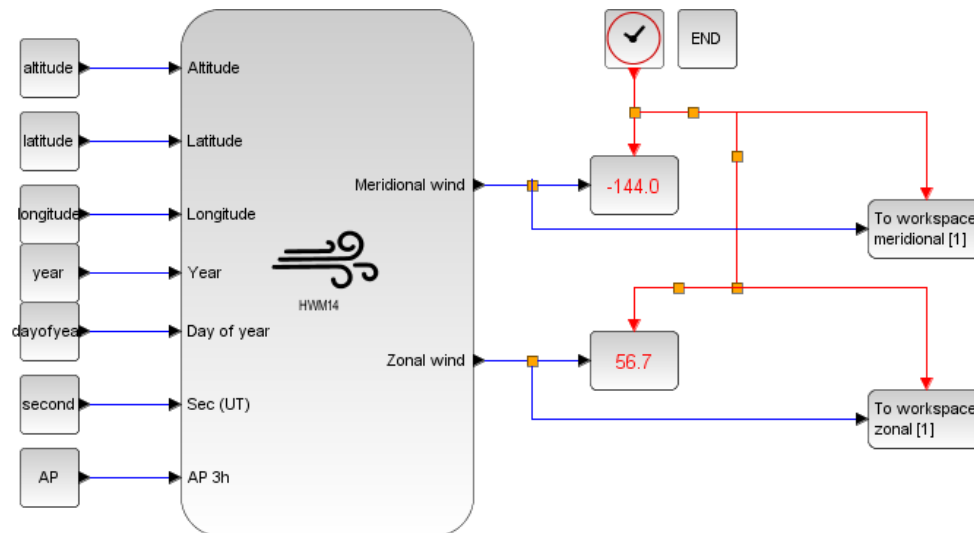
• Standard Palettes and Blocks

- Signal processing and signal routing
- Thermo-hydraulic blocks
- Mathematical operations, matrix, integer
- Discrete and continuous system blocks
- Electrical
- User defined blocks
- Annotations: text, LaTeX/MathML
- Lookup tables
- Event handling
- Sinks and sources
- Port and subsystem



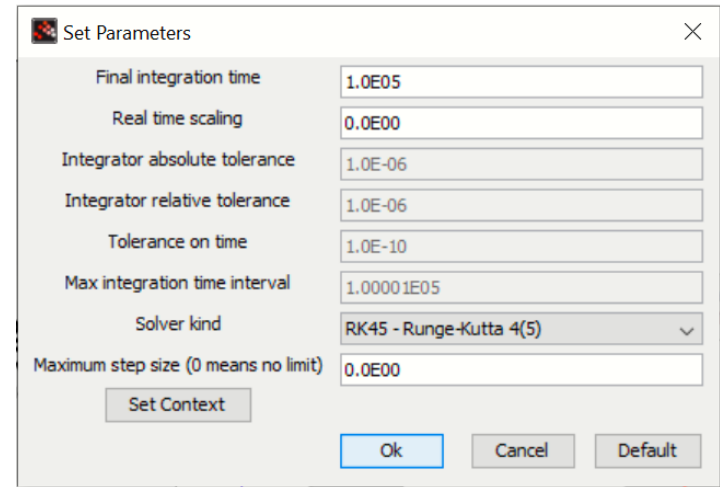
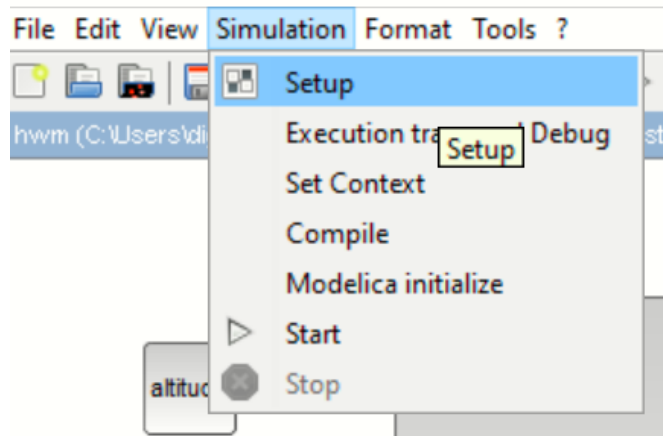
Model building and edition

- Blocks selection from existing palettes (drag and drop)
- Define inputs and connect blocks through lines
- Superblocks management (Sub-diagram embedded in a single superblock for model reuse and simplification)
- All Scilab data types available for signal definition

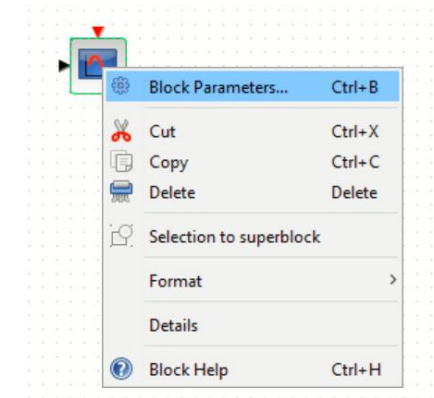


Model customization

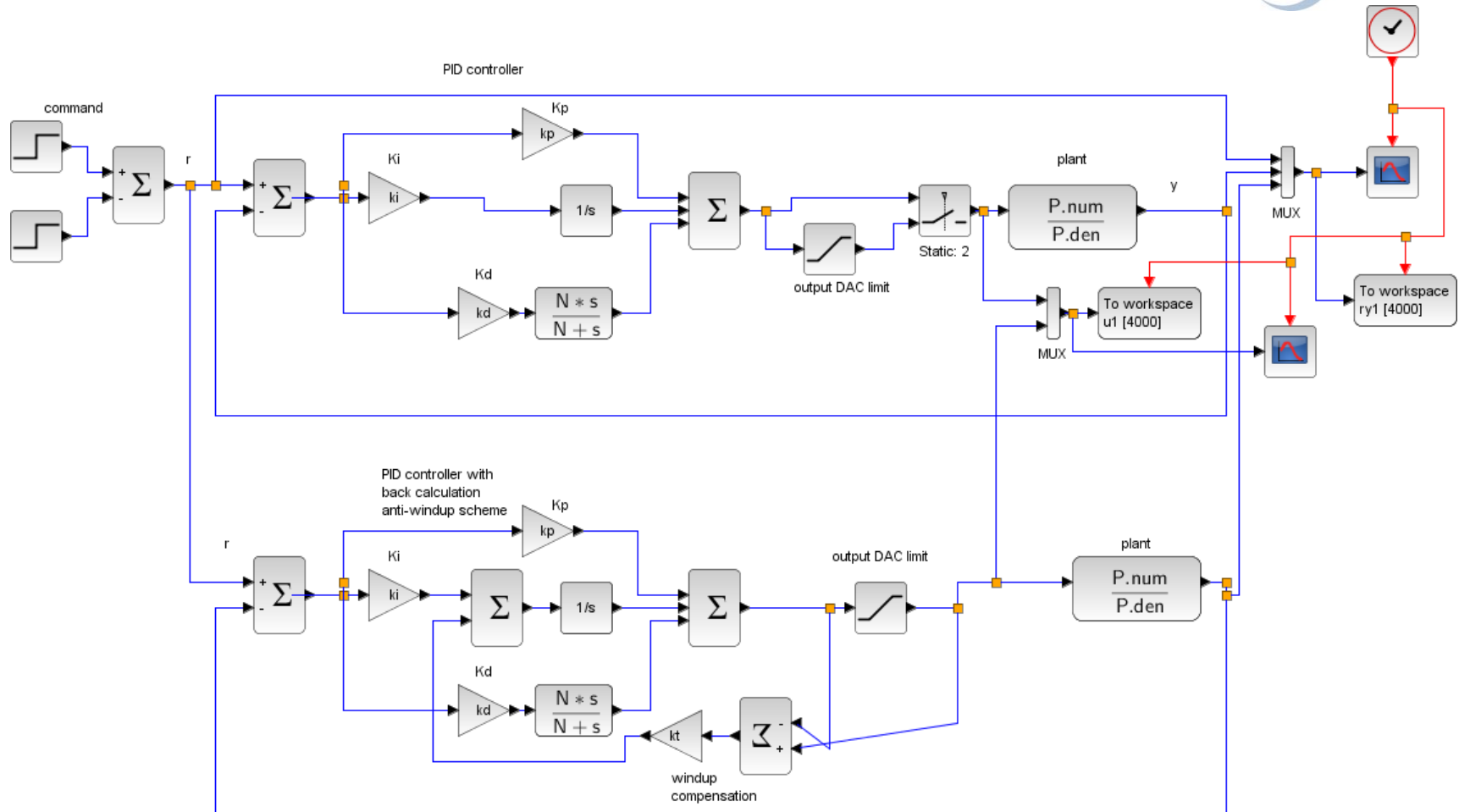
- Simulation parameters definition (solver)



- Signals and blocks parameters adaptation



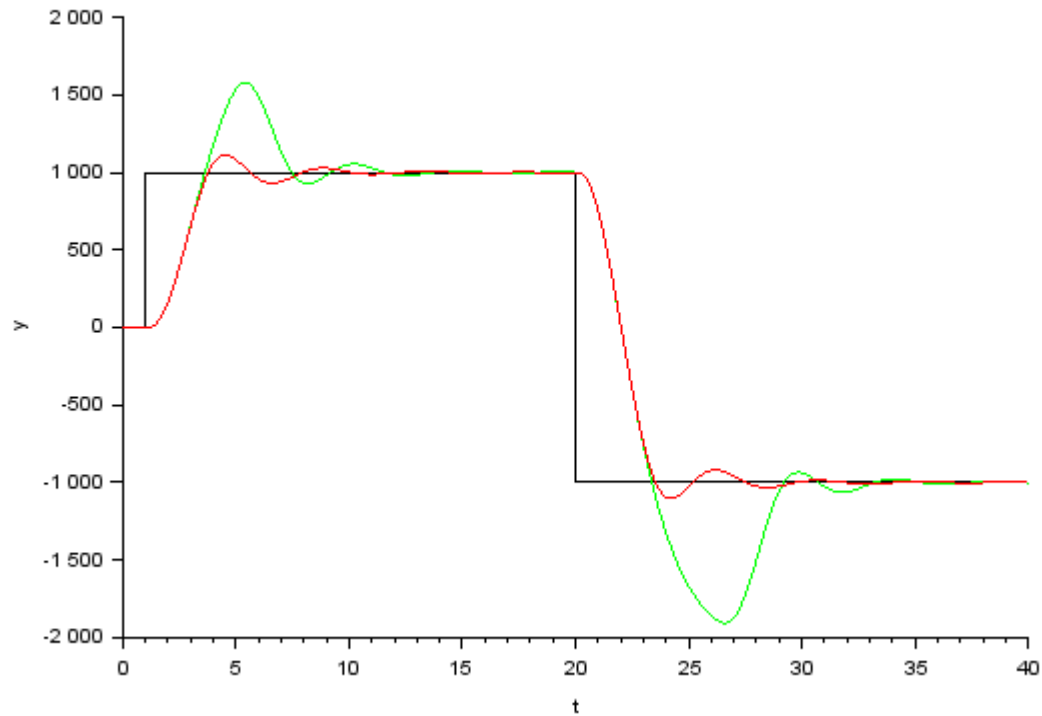
Example: AntiWindUp PID controller



Source: <https://www.scilab.org/pid-anti-windup-schemes> (Dew Toochinda, Scilab Ninja)

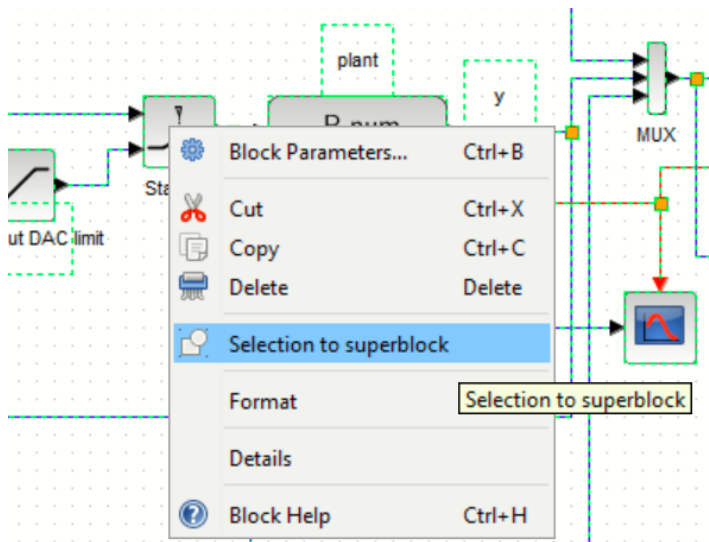


Example: AntiWindUp PID controller

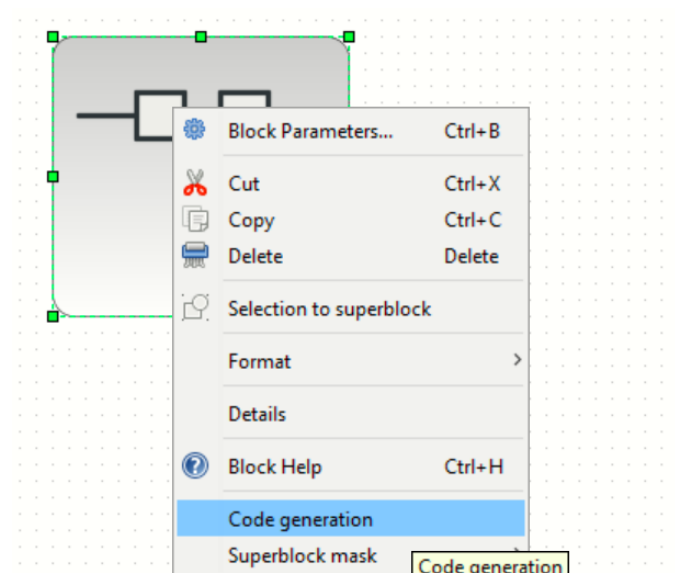


Code generation

Create Superblock



Generate code from superblock



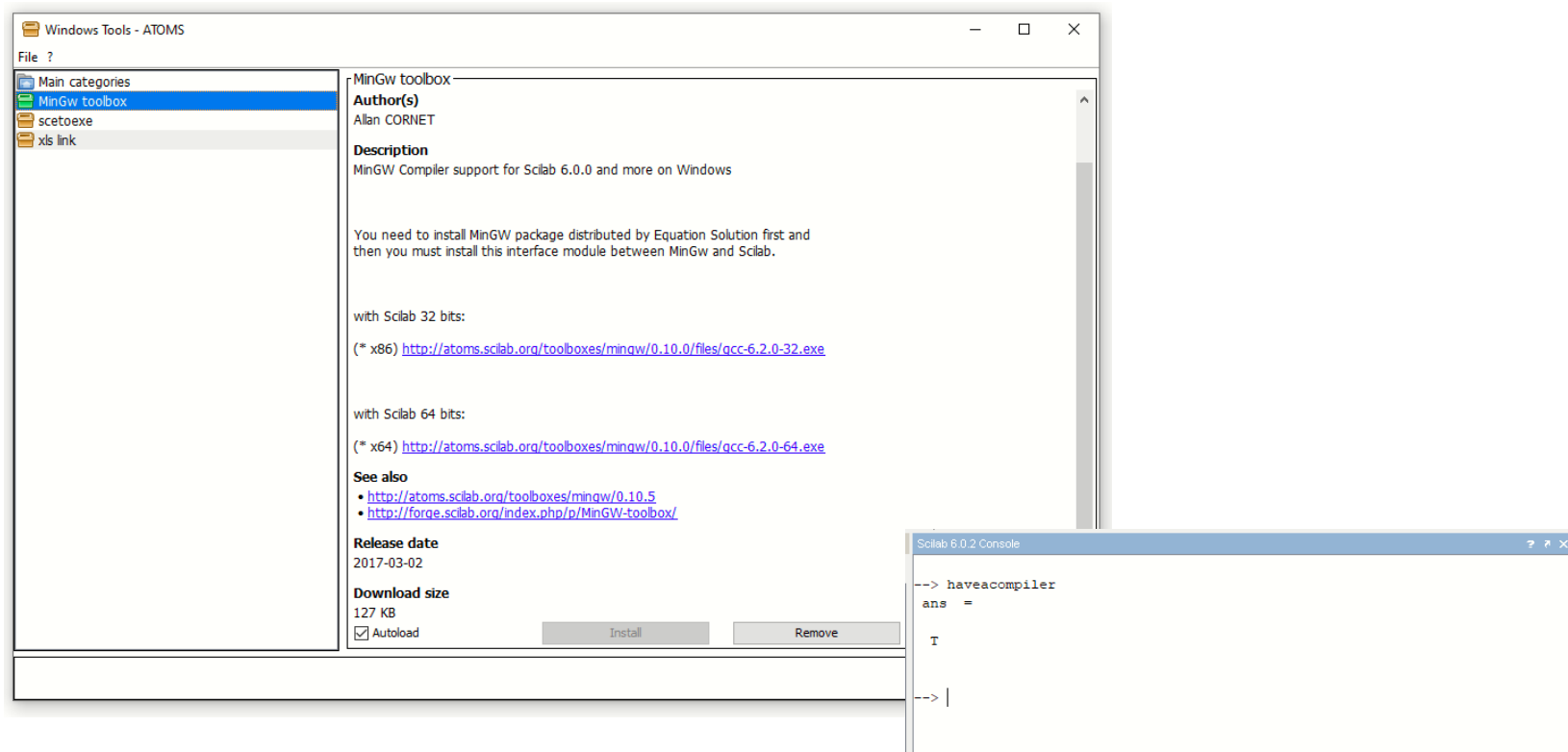
Xcos: Custom blocks

- External code (C, C++, Fortran)
- Xcos models (generate code)
- Scilab code

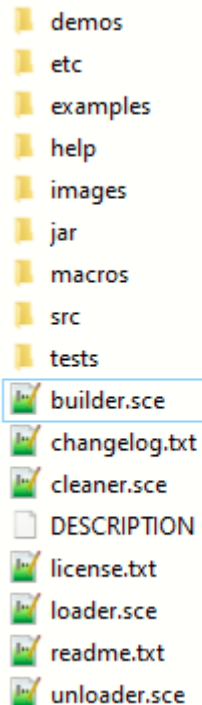


Xcos: Custom blocks

- Install MinGw and its toolbox to be able to compile code (C/C++, Fortran)
- Atoms/Windows Tools/MinGw toolbox



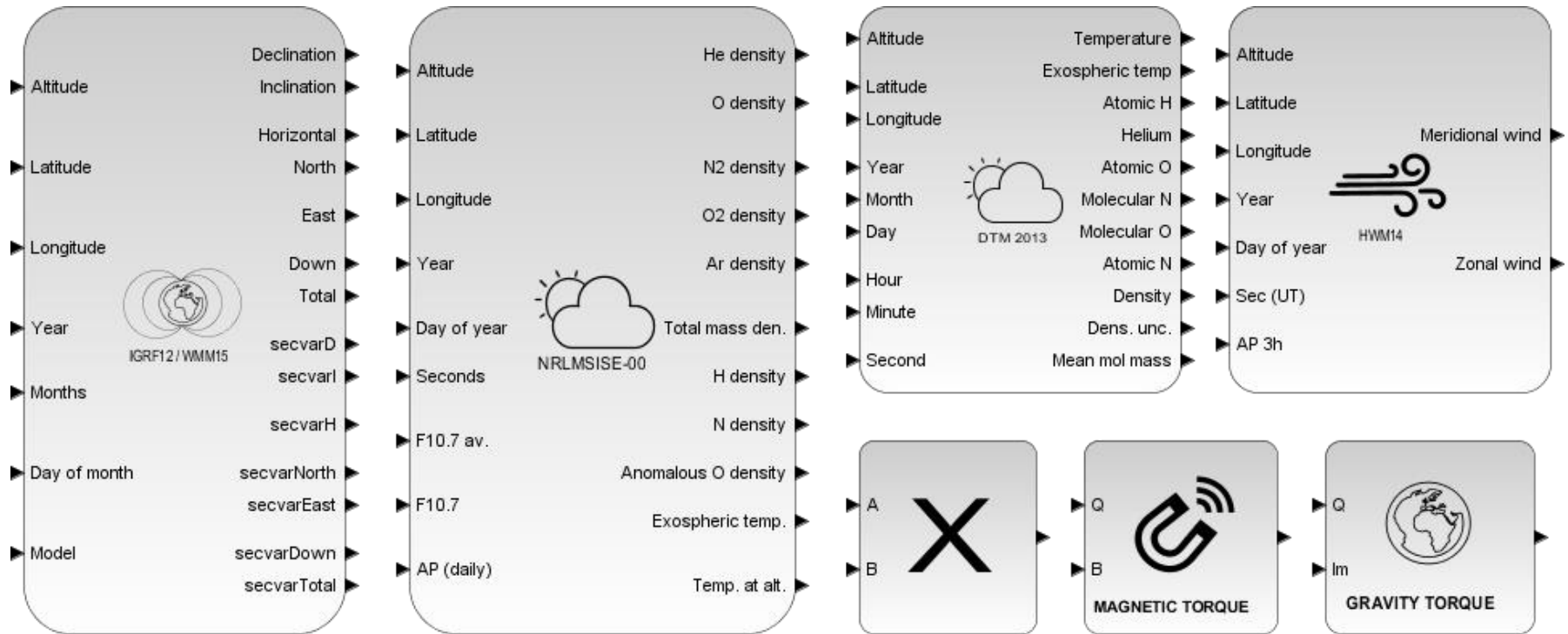
Xcos: Custom Toolbox



□ Skeleton structure (contributes in Scilab source code):

- Etc
- Help
- Images
- Macros: Block definition and Scilab code,
- Src: Source code.
- Builder.sce: compilation script.
- Loader.sce: load toolbox.

Xcos: Custom Toolbox



Links

Links of interest

	Download	https://www.scilab.org/download/6.0.2
	Tutorials	https://www.scilab.org/tutorials
	Wiki	https://wiki.scilab.org/
	Mail lists	https://www.scilab.org/about/community/mailing-lists
	Forum	https://scilab.in/forum
	Books	https://www.scilab.org/about/community/books
	Control Eng.	https://scilabdotninja.wordpress.com/scilab-control-engineering-basics/

Demo



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